

FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION MARCH 2017

SUBJECT : COMPUTER INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

CODE. NO: 614

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
1		Binary	1	1
2	a.	$(1111011011)_2$	1	
	b.	$(6844)_{10}$	1	
	c.	$(5.625)_{10}$	1	3
3.	a.	 OR.	2	2
4.		<p align="right">1/4</p>		

9.	a. FDD, CDROM, H D , ROM, SDRAM, DDR RAM b. Floppy Disk Drive Hard disk drive. c. Mention names - 1 mark Explanation - 1 mark.	1 1 1 2	4
10	Any three among Single program, Multiprogram, Time sharing, Realtime, multitasking, multithreaded etc. Mentioning types - 1 mark. Explanation - 1 1/2 mark. Example - 1/2 mark.	3	3
11.	Free - freedom to copy, distribute and modify - mostly free of cost - not copyrighted - available under GPL. Proprietary - Restrictions for copying, modification and distribution - available for a price - copyrighted.	2	2
12.	Converting digital signals generated by Computers to analog signal suitable for transmission and back or mention modulation / demodulation	1	1
13.	a. Social networking, Social media b. Explanation of browsing / mentioning search engines like google, email, Social networking, file transfers, file sharing etc. any three c. Hacking, spreading views, defamation of individuals, Pornography, any other illegal use.	1 2 2	5
14.	a. True . b. Telemedicine, educational websites, travel ticketing, voluntary organisations websites, Banking etc.	1 2	3.

OR.

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Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
15.	a.	Explanation of any three fields like education, science and technology, research, fashion designing, travel ticketing etc.	2.	
	b.	Desktop Publishing	1	3.
16.	a.	Yes.	1	
	b.	Any four properties like finiteness, definability, unambiguous, use of any language etc.	2.	
	c.	Largest of three numbers	1	4
17.		Decision making / condition, connection/break in flow.	1	1
18.		Any 8 errors out of 9.	2	2
19.	.	① $P=10, q=11$, ② $P=11, q=11$	2	2
20.		(a) $\% =$ binary (arithmetic) (b) -- unary (decrement) (c) $!!$ binary (logical, OR) (d) $/=$ binary (relation)	2	2
21.		Syntactical correctness - 1 mark Logical correctness of the whole program - 1	2	2
22.		Use of switch statement - 1 mark. Syntactical correctness - 1 mark. Logical correctness of the whole program - 1 mark.	3	3
23.		Use of switch statement - 1 mark OR Syntactical correctness - 1 mark Logical correctness of the whole program - 1 mark	3	3

24.

```

if (a>b)
if (a>c)
    big=a;
else
    big=c;
else
    if (b>c)
        big=b;
    else
        big=c;

```

2 2

25.

Nested Loop

1 1

26.

1. `islower()` - checks whether character is lower case
`to lower()` - Converts character to lower case

2. `isupper()` - checks whether a character is upper case
`to upper()` - Converts a character to upper case.

2 2

27.

function declaration OR tells the compiler about a function name, return type, parameters - 1 mark.

A function definition associates the function name/type with the function body - 1 mark.

2 2

28.

Syntactical correctness - 1 mark.

2 2

Logical correctness - 1 mark.

29. Use of arrays - 1 mark.

Syntactical correctness - 1 mark.

4

Logical correctness of the whole program - 2 mark

~~L~~
Mony Vaghesh
THSS Aluve

~~J~~
Vijayalakshmi
Thasi, Muttada

4/4

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
1.	a)	i / ii / iii / iv	1	
	b)	CH_2O	1	
		CH	1	
		CH_2O	1	2
		CHCl	1	
	c)	Law of multiple proportion	1	
2.	a) i)	$1s^2 2s^2 2p^6 3s^2 3p^6 4s^1 3d^5$ or [Ar] $4s^1 3d^5$	1	
	ii)	10 electrons in d subshell	1	5
	iii)	1s or diagram	1	
	b)	Statement / mathematical expression / significance	2	
3.	a)	Definition	2	
	b)	size of atom / effective nuclear charge / electronic configuration	2	4
	c)	Oxidation state = +3 or Covalency = 6	2	
4.	a)	Trigonal bipyramidal / diagram sp^3d hybridization	1	
	b)	Axial bonds are longer and weaker than equatorial bonds / PCl_5 is unstable	1	

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
	c)	repulsion between axial and equatorial bond / $\text{PCl}_5 \rightarrow \text{PCl}_3 + \text{Cl}_2$ or correct explanation	2	5
5.	a) i) ii) b) i) ii)	viscosity or related explanation Surface Tension or related explanation velocity possessed by maximum fraction of molecules N_2	2 2 2 2	4
6	a) b)	intensive/extensive/Heat capacity/ Entropy /Refractive index/surface tension $\Delta G = \Delta H - T\Delta S$ $\Delta H = \Delta U + \Delta n RT$ $\Delta H = \Delta U + P\Delta V$ Correct substitution	2 2 } 2 } 2 } 2 } 2 }	4
7.	a) b) c)	NaCl - neutral NH_4NO_3 - acidic NaCN - basic NaNO_2 - basic or correct equation/explanation Blood is a buffer solution Equation Substitution	2 2 } 2 } 2 } 2 } 2 2 1 1	5

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
8.		Skeletal equation with oxidation number Correct answer	2 1	3
9.	a) b)	One method of preparation of H ₂ gas Explanation	3 1	4
10.	a) b)	Explanation i) NaOH / sodium hydroxide ii) NaHCO ₃ / sodium hydrogen carbonate iii) Ca(OH) ₂ / calcium hydroxide iv) Ca(OH) ₃ / calcium hydroxide Two correct name / formula	2 1 1 1 1 2	4
11.	a) b) c)	Formation of NaOH / equation / explanation One use 3-D network structure / strong C-C bond / sp ³ hybridisation / hardest substance / no free electron	2 2 2	4
12.	a) b)	i) 3-bromo CH ₃ - CH - CH ₂ - CH - CH ₂ - CH - CH ₃ ii) CH ₃ - CH(Cl) - CH ₂ - CH(Cl) - CH ₃ CH ₃ is more stable / correct explanation	2 2 2	6

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
	c)	difference in solubility/principle explanation	2	
	a)	i) 3-bromo-3-chloroheptane ii) 4-ethyl-2-methyl aniline	2 2	6
	b)	$(CH_3)_3C^+$ is more stable/hyperconjugation or +I effect	2	
	c)	Liquid boils at a lower temp. without decomposition or correct explanation	2	
13.	a)	i/ii/iii/iv	1	
	b)	ethyne passed through red hot iron tube / cyclic polymerisation or equation	2	5
	c)	i) Friedel-Crafts alkylation/methyl benzene / toluene or structure ii) Addition reaction/ $C_6H_6Cl_6$ /BHC/gammoxene or lindane or structure	2 2	
14.	a)	one adverse effect of global warming / definition of global warming / green house effect	3	3
	b)	SO_2	1	

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FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION MARCH 2017

FINALIZED SCHEME FOR VALUATION

Subject :BIOLOGY- Part A. BOTANY Code No: 617 A

Max.Score:30

Qn.No	SCORING INDICATORS	Split	Total
		Score	Score
1	b)F.Skoog	1	1
2	b) i and iv	1	1
3	Help in CO ₂ fixation by photosynthesis,increase level of oxygen ,Primary producers on ocean,used as food, hydrocolloids(water holding substances) are obtained, Algin and carrageen are used as commercially, agar is obtained from Gelidium and Gracillaria,agar used to grow microbes, preparation of ice -creams and jellies , Chlorella and Spirulina used as protein enriched food suplements ,food suplements for space travellers etc. (any four correct responses like this)	½x4	2
4	Nitrogenase enzyme/Mo-Fe protein leg-haemoglobin	1 1	2
5	In C ₃ plants O ₂ binds to RuBisCO. The RuBP instead of being converted to 2 molecules of PGA, binds with O ₂ to form one molecule of phosphoglycerate and phosphoglycolate in a pathway called photorespiration./Conditions for photorespiration-Dual nature of RuBisCO,increased O ₂ concentration, moderate temperature. In the photorespiratory pathway -neither synthesis of sugars nor of ATP.a wastefull process(½ score) Release CO ₂ with the utilization of ATP. No synthesis of ATP or NADPH (any two related responses of photorespiration give full score 2) OR equation (full score)	1 1	2

1/4

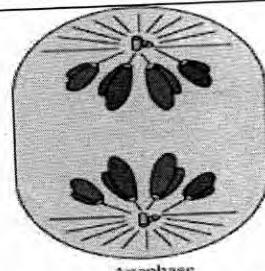
6	Ripening of fruits, breaks seed and bud dormancy, initiates germination in peanut seeds, sprouting of potato tubers, promotes rapid internode/petiole elongation in deep water rice plants, helps leaves /upper parts of the shoot to remain above water, promotes root growth and root hair formation, helping the plants to increase their absorption surface, initiate flowering and for synchronising fruit-set in pineapples, induces flowering in mango, promote senescence and abscission of leaves and flowers, fruits and promote female flowers in cucurbits (any two correct responses like this)	1 1	2
7	If a chemical process is affected by more than one factor, then its rate will be determined by the factor which is nearest to its minimal value: it is the factor which directly affects the process if its quantity is changed.(Definition or Explanation) The plant factors include the number, size, age and orientation of leaves, mesophyll cells and chloroplasts, internal CO ₂ concentration and the amount of chlorophyll . external factors -availability of sunlight, temperature, CO ₂ concentration and water (Any two)	1 ½ ½	2
8	Endodermis is impervious to water because of a band of suberised matrix called the caspary strip. Water molecules are unable to penetrate the layer, so they are directed to wall regions that are not suberised into the cells through the membrane (symplast). (any one reason give full score)	2 2	2
9	a iv) inflorescence Actinomorphic-Flower can be divided into two equal radial halves in any radial plane passing through the centre/floral symbol with example/Radial symmetry. b Zygomorphic-Flower can be divided into two similar halves only in one particular vertical plane/ floral symbol with example/ bilateral symmetry.	1 1 1	3

2/4

10	a	Cork cambium/phellogen/inter fascicular cambium	1	3
	b	<p>In dicot stems, the cells of cambium present between primary xylem and primary phloem is the intrafascicular cambium.</p> <p>The cells of medullary cells, adjoining these intrafascicular cambium become meristematic and form the interfascicular cambium. Thus, a continuous ring of vascular cambium is formed .Cambium partially primary and partially secondary</p> <p>Or the intrafascicular cambium joins with interfascicular cambium and form vascular cambial ring-give 1score(Any one response of formation of vascular cambium)</p> <p>In dicot root ,the vascular cambium is completely secondary in origin.</p> <p>It originates from the tissue located just below the phloem bundles,a portion of pericycle tissue above the protoxylem forming a complete and continuous wavy ring and later become circular.(Any one response)</p> <p>Or the diagrammatic sketch showing the formation of vascular cambium /cambium in dicot stem and dicot root give 2Scores</p>	1	
11	a	Lysosomes	1	3
	b	<p>The endoplasmic reticulum bearing ribosomes on their surface is called rough endoplasmic reticulum (RER)./its diagrammatic representation.</p> <p>In the absence of ribosomes they appear smooth and are called smooth endoplasmic reticulum (SER)/its diagrammatic representation.</p> <p><u>RER</u> :-involved in protein synthesis and secretion./ They are extensive and continuous with the outer membrane of the nucleus.(any one function)</p> <p><u>SER</u> is the major site for synthesis of lipid./ In animal cells lipid-like steroid hormones are synthesised in SER.(any one function)</p>	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	

3/4

12



Centromeres split and chromatids separate.
Chromatids move to opposite poles /the centromere of each chromosome is towards the pole/arms towards the equator/help in maintaining chromosome number of mother cell and daughter cells (any two correct responses)

1

3

13

- a **Cytoplasm(Cytosol)**
 A.Glucose-6-phosphate
 B.Fructose -6- phosphate
 C. Fructose-1,6-bis phosphate
 D.1,3 bisphosphoglyceric acid/Triose bisphosphate
 E. 2-phosphoglycerate/2-phosphoglyceric acid
 F.Phosphoenol pyruvate/Phospho enolpyruvic acid

1

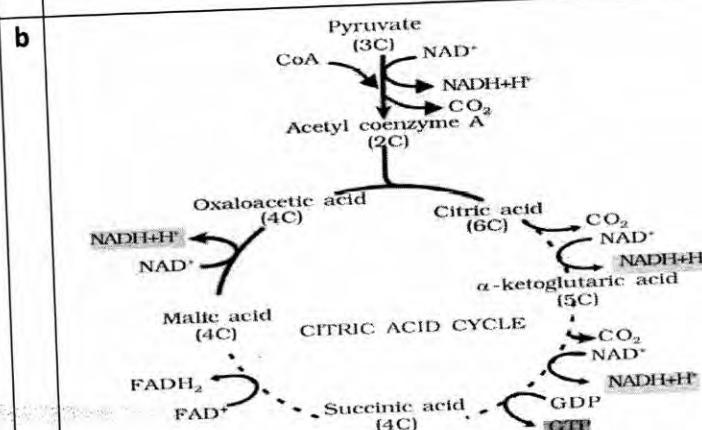
1

4

OR

13 a **Hans Krebs**

1

 $\frac{1}{2} \times 6$ 4

(Any six entry as the given diagram or the names of six compounds give full score 3)

TOTAL SCORE

30 30

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8. Moali Mohanan. E Moali Mohanan
9. Mini Mathew Mini Mathew
10. BABU MATHEW Babu Mathew
11. ANITHA KUMARI. T.S. Anitha Kumari
12. Sisi Mini Alex Sisi Mini Alex
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FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION MARCH 2017

SUBJECT : ZOOLOGY

CODE. NO:

617 B

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points		Score	Total
1.	c)	Kingdom - Phylum - Class - Order - Family - Genus - Species		1	1
2.	b)	Tracheal system		1	1
3.	A - Specialised connective tissue B - Adipose tissue C - Irregular D - Cartilage.		$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	2	
4.	Phylum / Class	Common eg:- Unique features			
	Pisces	Scoliodon	2 chambered heart	$\frac{1}{2} \times 6$	3
	Mammals	Felis	Presence of hairs		
	Arthropoda	Aedes	Open circulatory system		
	OR				
	a - Reptilia	- any one example		$\frac{1}{2} \times 6$	3
	b - Clenophora - "	" "			
	c - Hemichordata - "	" "			
5	Aschelminthes / Nematelminthes / Round Worms			1	1

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total						
6		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Radial Symmetry</td> <td>Bilateral Symmetry</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Physalia</td> <td>Tape worm</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Adamisia</td> <td>Fasciola</td> </tr> </table>	Radial Symmetry	Bilateral Symmetry	Physalia	Tape worm	Adamisia	Fasciola	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	2
Radial Symmetry	Bilateral Symmetry									
Physalia	Tape worm									
Adamisia	Fasciola									
7		<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Inspiration</td> <td>Expiration</td> </tr> <tr> <td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diaphragm contracts contraction of external intercostal muscles Thoracic Vol. increases Intra pulmonary pressure decreases Intake of fresh air/ O₂ / active process Rib & sternum raises </td> <td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diaphragm relaxes contraction of internal intercostal muscles Thoracic vol. decreases Intra pulmonary pressure increases Removal of used air/ CO₂ / passive process Ribs & sternum lowers </td> </tr> </table> <p>Any two points each</p>	Inspiration	Expiration	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diaphragm contracts contraction of external intercostal muscles Thoracic Vol. increases Intra pulmonary pressure decreases Intake of fresh air/ O₂ / active process Rib & sternum raises 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diaphragm relaxes contraction of internal intercostal muscles Thoracic vol. decreases Intra pulmonary pressure increases Removal of used air/ CO₂ / passive process Ribs & sternum lowers 	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	2		
Inspiration	Expiration									
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diaphragm contracts contraction of external intercostal muscles Thoracic Vol. increases Intra pulmonary pressure decreases Intake of fresh air/ O₂ / active process Rib & sternum raises 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Diaphragm relaxes contraction of internal intercostal muscles Thoracic vol. decreases Intra pulmonary pressure increases Removal of used air/ CO₂ / passive process Ribs & sternum lowers 									
8	a)	A - Canine B - Molars	$\frac{1}{2} \times 2$	2						
	b) ii	$\begin{array}{r} 2123 \\ \hline 2123 \end{array}$	1							
9		A. Serine / Amino acid B. Adenyllic acid / Nucleotide / AMP C - Cholesterol	1x3	3						

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
10		Antibody - Sensory reception	1	1
11		A - Meromyosin B - Light Meromyosin / LMM	1x2	2
12	a)	ii) Corpus callosum	1	
	b)	A - Axon / Axonite / pre Synapse - Neuron B - Synaptic vesicle C - Synaptic cleft / Synaptic Gap. D - Neurotransmitters / example	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	3
13		A - ANF (Atrial natriuretic factor) B - Hypoglycemic hormone / enhances cellular glucose uptake / decreases blood sugar level / Glycogenesis C - Kidney / JGA D - Thymosin	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	2
14	a)	iii) P wave represent auricular depolarization	1	
	b)	A - Aorta , B - Venae Cava / Superior Vena Cava / Pre caval Vein C - Pulmonary Artery		

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
		D - Chordae tendinae / Tricuspid valve / Right auriculo ventricular aperture	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	3
15		Prawn - Antennal gland Earthworm - Nephridia	$\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	2
		X		

617-B. HSE I. - Scheme Finalisation Zoology - 2017 March

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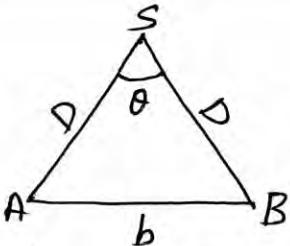
FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION MARCH 2017

SUBJECT : PHYSICS

CODE. NO: 615

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
1		Viscous Force	1	1
2		Figure 2	1	1
3		Zeroth law of thermodynamics	1	1
4A	$\Delta l = \frac{FL}{YA}$ or $\Delta l = \frac{FL}{Y\pi a^2}$ or Any eqn related to Young's modulus $\therefore \Delta l = \frac{100 \times 10^3 \times 1}{2 \times 10^{11} \times 3.14 \times (10 \times 10^{-3})^2}$ $= 1.59 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$		1 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	2
4B	$G_I = \frac{F}{A\theta}$ or $G_I = \frac{FL}{A\Delta x}$ or Any eqn related to rigidity modulus $\therefore G_I = \frac{(F/A) \times L}{\Delta x} = \frac{10^4 \times 10 \times 10^{-2}}{1.05 \times 10^{-2}}$ $= 0.2 \times 10^7 \text{ N/m}^2$		1 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	2
5	Diagram of Hydraulic Lift $\frac{F_1}{A_1} = \frac{F_2}{A_2}$ If $A_2 > A_1$, then $F_2 > F_1$ or Pascal's Law \Rightarrow give one mark		1 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	2

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
6		$\vec{E} = \frac{3}{2} k_B T$ Here $T = [273 + 27] = 300K$ $\therefore \vec{E} = \frac{3}{2} \times 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \times 300$ $= 6.21 \times 10^{-25} J$ OR correct substitution of eqn give one mark. OR $\vec{E} = \frac{1}{2} k_B T \Rightarrow$ give one mark	1 1/2 1/2	
7		Water has a maximum density at 4°C as its volume is minimum at 4°C As a lake cools towards 4°C, water near the surface becomes denser and sinks The warmer less dense water near the bottom rises and freezes OR Any two points give - 3 marks OR Any one point give - 2 marks	1 1 1	3
8		IsoBaric process - Pressure constant - $P(V_2 - V_1)$ Isothermal process - Temperature Constant - $\mu RT \ln \frac{V_2}{V_1}$ Adiabatic process - No heat exchange between the system and surroundings - $\frac{R}{\gamma-1} [T_1 - T_2]$ Any two correct matches give 3 marks	1 1 1	

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
9	(a)	 <p>Here $\theta = \frac{b}{D}$ or $D = \frac{b}{\theta}$</p>	1	2
	(b)	<p>$[m] = [M]$ $[v] = [LT^{-1}]$ $[g] = [LT^{-2}]$ $[h] = [L]$</p> <p>Any three correct, e.g. give $1\frac{1}{2}$ marks $\therefore [M^1 L^2 T^{-2}] = [M^1 L^2 T^{-2}]$ OR Eqn is dimensionally correct OR Statement is correct/true - give one mark</p>	$1\frac{1}{2}$	4
10	(a)	II and III	2	2
	(b)	$H = \frac{u^2 \sin^2 \theta}{2g}$ $\therefore H = \frac{20^2 \times \sin^2 30}{2 \times 9.8} = 5.1 \text{ m}$	1	2
11	(a)	I	1	1
	(b)	$V_o = \sqrt{\frac{g R_E^2}{(R_E + h)}}$ OR $V_o = \sqrt{\frac{GM}{R + h}}$	1	

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
		$V_0 = \sqrt{\frac{9.8 \times (6400 \times 10^3)^2}{[6400 \times 10^3 + 3400 \times 10^3]}}$ $= 6400 \text{ m/s}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Any other correct alternate method give full score</p>	1 1	3 4
12	(a) II and III (b) A → Amplitude ω → Angular velocity or Angular frequency Definition only OR give full score		2 1 1	2 4
13	(a) 3.0 cm or 3cm unit not necessary (b) Figure $\omega_1 = \frac{V}{2L}$ $\omega_2 = 2 \times \frac{V}{2L}$ <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Figure only 2 marks</p>		1 1 1 1	1 4
14	(a) uniformly (b) Velocity at 1 s = 10 m/s Velocity at 2 s = 20 m/s Graph with correct marking of V & t (c) Displacement		1 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ 1	1 3 5

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
15	(a)	<p>Centripetal force is produced by <i>provided</i></p> $\frac{mv^2}{R} = N \sin \theta + f \cos \theta \quad \text{--- (1)}$ <p>OR</p> <p>The diagram representing $N \sin \theta$ OR $f \cos \theta$ $N \cos \theta$</p> $mg = N \cos \theta - \mu s N \sin \theta \quad \text{--- (2)}$ $\frac{(1)}{(2)} \Rightarrow \frac{\frac{mv^2}{R}}{mg} = \frac{N \sin \theta + f \cos \theta}{N \cos \theta - \mu s N \sin \theta}$ $f = \mu s N$ $\therefore v = \sqrt{Rg \left[\frac{\mu s + \tan \theta}{1 - \mu s \tan \theta} \right]}$ <p>OR</p> <p>final eqn only - give 2 marks</p>	1 1 1 1 1 1	4
16	(a)	Kinetic energy	1	1
	(b)	$u=0, t=10s, F=20N, m=5kg$ $F=ma \text{ or } a=F/m$ $\therefore a = \frac{20}{5} = 4 \text{ m/s}^2$ $v = u + at \quad \text{OR} \quad a = 4 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ - give 1 mark}$ $v = 0 + 4 \times 10 = 40 \text{ m/s}$ <p>OR $v=40 \text{ m/s}$ only - give one mark.</p>	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	5

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
		$K = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$ $\therefore K = \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times 40^2 = 4 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$ OR $K = 4 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$ only give 1 mark (c) True	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	3 5
17A	(a)	II	1	1
	(b)	$\frac{dL}{dt} = \cancel{\frac{d}{dt}} (\vec{B} \times \vec{P})$ $= \vec{B} \times \frac{d\vec{P}}{dt} + \frac{d\vec{B}}{dt} \times \vec{P}$ $= \vec{E}$	2 1 1	4 5
		OR		
		$\frac{d\vec{L}}{dt} = \vec{Z}$ - give one mark		
17B	(a)	IV	1	1
	(b)	statement / fig with eqn fig only or eqn only give one mark. $I_Z = I_{Dct} + I_y$	2 2 4	5
		Substitution $\frac{MR^2}{2} = ID + ID$ $\therefore ID = \frac{MR^2}{4}$	1 1	

⑥/7

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
18A	①	Correct derivation of eqn of continuity OR $aV = \text{constant}$ OR $a_1 V_1 = a_2 V_2$	4	
		OR mass of liquid flowing is equal to mass of liquid flowing out give 2 marks	5	
	⑥	III	1	
18B	①	The pressure difference between the two sides of the top concave surface in the capillary tube is given by $P_i - P_o = \frac{2s}{a} \cos\theta$	1	
		$P_A = P_o + h \rho g = P_i$ ————— ①	1	
		$\therefore P_i - P_o = h \rho g$ ————— ②	4	
		$\therefore h \rho g = \frac{2s \cos\theta}{a}$		
		i.e. $h = \frac{2s \cos\theta}{a \rho g}$ ————— 2	2	5
		OR Correct derivation give full score		
	⑥	OR Equation $h = \frac{2s \cos\theta}{a \rho g}$ ————— give 2 marks	1	1

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Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
1.	Nancy Joseph	<u>Nancy Joseph</u>		
2.	Caro Jose dayan. J.	<u>Caro Jose dayan. J.</u>		
12	Mundula. P. Nair	<u>Mundula. P. Nair</u>		
3.	Rathoreesh Kumar. R.	<u>Rathoreesh Kumar. R.</u>		
4	Chitrangadan S. K	<u>Chitrangadan S. K</u>		
5	ASHRAFAEI PANKI	<u>ASHRAFAEI PANKI</u>	9846652195	
6	Johnson Joseph	<u>Johnson Joseph</u>		
7	Pradeep P. O	<u>Pradeep P. O</u>		
8.	Dinesh Kumar K	<u>Dinesh Kumar K</u>		
9.	Malheir, George	<u>Malheir, George</u>		
10	Hankuheren P	<u>Hankuheren P</u>	9496951456	
11.	Binde. P. J.	<u>Binde. P. J.</u>		

FIRST YEAR HIGHER SECONDARY EXAMINATION MARCH 2017

SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS (SCIENCE)

CODE. NO: 618

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
1	(a)	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$	1	1
	(b)	$\cos x = \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 x} = \sqrt{1 - \frac{9}{25}} = -\frac{4}{5}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
		$\sec x = -\frac{5}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
		$\tan x = -\frac{3}{4}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
		$\cot x = -\frac{4}{3}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	2
	Remarks: Alternate method give full score With out negative sign give $1\frac{1}{2}$ score			
	(c)	$\sin 6x + \sin 2x - \sin 4x = 0$	$\frac{1}{2}$	6
		$2 \sin 4x \cos 2x - \sin 4x = 0$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
		$\sin 4x(2 \cos 2x - 1) = 0$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
		$\sin 4x = 0 \quad (\frac{1}{2})$	$\cos 2x = \frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
		$4x = n\pi$	$\cos 2x = \cos \frac{\pi}{3}$	
		$x = \frac{n\pi}{4}$	$x = n\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
	OR			
	(a)	210	1	1
	(b)	$\tan 75 = \tan(45 + 30)$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	
		$= \frac{\tan 45 + \tan 30}{1 - \tan 45 \tan 30}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	
		$= \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$	-1	2
	*	for formula give $\frac{1}{2}$ score, Alternate method give full score		
	*	for direct answer give 1 score		
	(c)	$a \sin(B-C) = a \left[\sin B \cos C - \cos B \sin C \right]$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	
		$= a \left[b k \left(\frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab} \right) - c k \left(\frac{c^2 + a^2 - b^2}{2ac} \right) \right] - 1$	-1	6

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Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
		$= \frac{k}{2} [a^2 + b^2 - c^2 - c^2 - a^2 + b^2]$ $= k [b^2 - c^2]$ <p>Similarly $b \sin(c-A) = k(c^2 - a^2)$</p> $c \sin(A-B) = k(a^2 - b^2)$ <p><u>Remark:</u> $\therefore LHS = 0$</p> <p>for subtraction formula, sine formula, cosine formula give $\frac{1}{2}$ Score each</p>	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ 3	
2	(a) (b) (i) (c)	(ii) A $A \cup B = \{a, b, c, d, e, f, g\}$ $A' = \{a, f, g\}$ $B' = \{b, d, e, f\}$ $(A \cup B)' = \{f\}$, $A' \cap B' = \{f\}$ $n(A \cup B) = 400$, $n(A) = 250$, $n(B) = 200$ $n(A \cap B) = n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cup B)$ $= 50$	1 1 -1 $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	1 1 -1 2 5
	<u>Remark:</u>	for analysing the problem give FULL SCORE	2	
3		Let $P(n) : 10^{2n-1} + 1$ is divisible by 11 $P(1) = 10+1 = 11$, $P(1)$ is true Assume that $P(k)$ is true, $10^{2k-1} + 1$ is divisible by 11 $P(k+1) = 10^{2k+2-1} + 1$ $= 10^{2k-1} \cdot 10^2 + 1$ $= 10^{2k-1} [99+1] + 1$ $= 10^{2k-1} \cdot 99 + 10^{2k-1} + 1 = d(11)$ $\therefore P(k+1)$ is true	-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 4 4	
4	(a) (b)	(iii) $R - \{\}_{\{1\}}$ $R = \{(1, 6), (2, 7), (3, 8)\}$ domain = {1, 2, 3} Range = {6, 7, 8}	1 1 1+1	1 1 3

Remark for any correct two ordered pair give 1 score,
corresponding domain and range give 2 score

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Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total												
	(C)	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td><td>-2</td><td>-1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr> <td>$f(x)$</td><td>2</td><td>1</td><td>0</td><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr> </table>	x	-2	-1	0	1	2	$f(x)$	2	1	0	1	2	1	6
x	-2	-1	0	1	2											
$f(x)$	2	1	0	1	2											
	Remark:	for correct graph without tabular column give FULL SCORE	1	2												
5	(a)	(iii) -1	1	1												
	(b)	$a = \sqrt{3}$, $b = 1$ $r = 2$ $\tan \theta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$, $\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}$ or 30° $\vec{z} = 2(\cos \frac{\pi}{6} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{6})$	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	2												
	Remark:	for formula give $\frac{1}{2}$ score each														
	(c)	$\sqrt{-8-6i} = x+iy$ $-8-6i = x^2-y^2+i2xy$ $x^2-y^2 = -8$, $xy = -3$ $x^2+y^2 = 10$ $x = \pm 1$, $y = \pm 3$	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	6												
	Remark:	$\therefore \sqrt{-8-6i} = -1+i3$ or $1-i3$														
		Alternate method give FULL SCORE for $(x^2+y^2)^2 = (x^2-y^2)^2 + (2xy)^2$ give $\frac{1}{2}$ score														
6	(a)	$2x > 3x+6$	1													
	(b)	$-x > 6$ or $x < -6$	1	2												
		$2x+y=6$ <table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td><td>0</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr> <td>y</td><td>6</td><td>0</td></tr> </table> $3x+4y=12$ <table border="1"> <tr> <td>x</td><td>0</td><td>4</td></tr> <tr> <td>y</td><td>3</td><td>0</td></tr> </table>	x	0	3	y	6	0	x	0	4	y	3	0	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	
x	0	3														
y	6	0														
x	0	4														
y	3	0														
			2	3												
				3/7												

(4/7)

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
	<u>Remark</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • for each line give 1 score, • for correct line and incorrect region give $2\frac{1}{2}$ score • without considering dotted line give FULL SCORE • for drawing axes only give $\frac{1}{2}$ score 		
7	(a) (iii) 64 (b) Number of ways = $5P_2$ or 5×4 $= 20$ (c) $\frac{5!}{(5-r)!} = 2 \cdot \frac{6!}{(7-r)!}$ $\frac{5!}{(5-r)!} = \frac{2 \times 6 \times 5!}{(7-r)(6-r)(5-r)!}$ $(7-r)(6-r) = 12$ $r^2 - 13r + 30 = 0$ $r = 10 \text{ or } 3$ $r = 3$	1 $1\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ 3	1 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 2 6	
	<u>Remark</u>	for the formula nPr give $\frac{1}{2}$ score		
	(a) 17 (iii) OR (b) $12C_2 = 66$	1 1	1 1	
	<u>Remark</u>	for nCr give $\frac{1}{2}$ score	$1\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	2
	(c) Total number of ways = $52C_4$ (i) number of ways = $4 \times 13C_4$ $= 2860$	1 1	1 1	6
	<u>Remark</u>	for $13C_4$ give $\frac{1}{2}$ score		
	(ii) number of ways = $2 \times 26C_4$ $= 29900$	1	3	
	<u>Remark</u>	for $26C_4$ give $\frac{1}{2}$ score		
8	(a) (iii) 0 (b) $3y = -6x + 5$ $y = -2x + \frac{5}{3}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	

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Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
	<u>Remark</u>	$m = -2, C = \frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	2	
	(c)	for $y = mx + c$ give $\frac{1}{2}$ score, for finding direct slope and y intercept give 1 score		
		Let $(x, 0)$ be the point	$\frac{1}{2}$	
		$\sqrt{(x-7)^2 + 36} = \sqrt{(x-3)^2 + 16}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	5
		$x^2 - 14x + 49 + 36 = x^2 - 6x + 9 + 16$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
		Point is $(\frac{15}{2}, 0)$ $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	
	<u>Remark</u>	for distance formula give $\frac{1}{2}$ score	2	
9	(a)	$a = 6$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
		$y^2 = 4ax$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
	(b)	$y^2 = 24x$ $\frac{1}{2}$		2
		$a = 4, b = 3, C = \sqrt{a^2 + b^2} = 5$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
		$e = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
		Length of transverse axis $= 2a = 8$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
		Length of conjugate axis $= 2b = 6$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
		foci $= (\pm c, 0) = (\pm 5, 0)$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
		Vertices $(\pm a, 0) = (\pm 4, 0)$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
	<u>Remark</u>	For writing formulae, give a maximum of $1\frac{1}{2}$ score	3	
10	(a)	(i) $\frac{3}{2}$ 1		
	(b)	$t_n = 995, t_1 = 105, d = 5$ $\frac{1}{2}$		1
		$n = \frac{t_n - t_1}{d} + 1 = 179$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
	<u>Remark</u>	$S_n = \frac{n}{2} [t_1 + t_n] = 98450$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$		
		Alternative method give FULL SCORE 2		
	(c)	Using $a_1 = 100, a_n = 1000$ and correct answer give 1 score 6		
		$S = 8 + 88 + 888 + \dots = 8[1+11+111+\dots]$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
		$= \frac{8}{9}[9+99+999+\dots] = \frac{8}{9}[(10+100+1000+\dots)-(1+1+\dots)]$ $\frac{1}{2}$		
		$= \frac{8}{9}[\frac{10(10^n-1)}{9}-n]$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$		
	<u>Remark</u>	for sum of GP give $\frac{1}{2}$ score 3		
	(a)	(ii) $\frac{1}{64}$ OR 1		
	(b)	Let $\frac{a}{r}, a, ar$ be the numbers $\frac{1}{2}$		
		$\frac{a}{r} \times a \times ar = -1 \therefore a = -1$ $\frac{1}{2}$		

Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total
	(c)	$\frac{a}{r} + a + ar = \frac{13}{12}$, $-1(1+r+r^2) = \frac{13r}{12}$ $12r^2 + 25r + 12 = 0$, $r = -\frac{4}{3}$, or $-\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ numbers are $\frac{3}{4}, -1, \frac{4}{3}$ or $\frac{4}{3}, -1, \frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $t_n = (2n+1)n^2 = 2n^3 + n^2$ $\sum t_n = 2 \sum n^3 + \sum n^2 = 2 \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4} + n(n+1)(2n+1)$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $= \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \left[n(n+1) + \frac{2(n+1)}{3} \right]$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ <u>Remark</u> for writing the formula for $\sum n^2, \sum n^3$, give $\frac{1}{2}$ score each	3	6
11	(a)	(iii) 11	1	1
	(b)	$a=x, b=\frac{1}{x}, n=10$ $T_{r+1} = nCr a^{n-r} b^r = 10Cr x^{10-2r}$ $10-2r=0, r=5$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ the term is $10C_5 = 630$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	2	3
12	(a)	(ii) $\sqrt{19}$	1	1
	(b)	Let C be (x_3, y_3, z_3) $\left(\frac{3-1+x_3}{3}, -\frac{5+7+y_3}{3}, \frac{7-6+z_3}{3} \right) = (1, 2, 3)$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $2+x_3=3$ $x_3=1$ $2+y_3=6$ $y_3=4$ $2z_3+1=9$ $z_3=8$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	2	3
	<u>Remark</u>	C is $(1, 4, 8)$ formula for centroid give $\frac{1}{2}$ score		
13	(a)	(i) 1	1	1
	(b)	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{1+x} - 1}{x} = \lim_{y \rightarrow 1} \frac{y^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1^{\frac{1}{2}}}{y - 1}$ $\frac{1+x=y}{x \rightarrow 0, y \rightarrow 1}$	1	1
	<u>Remark</u>	for alternative method give FULL SCORE, $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{x^n - a^n}{x - a} = na^{n-1}$ give $\frac{1}{2}$ score.	1	2
	(c)	$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(x+h) - \sin x}{h}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \cos(\frac{x+h+x}{2}) \sin(\frac{x+h-x}{2})}{h}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	1	

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Qn No	Sub Qns	Answer Key/Value Points	Score	Total																																			
		$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \cos(x + \frac{h}{2}) \sin h}{h} = \cos x$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	3																																				
	<u>Remark</u>	for direct answer give 1 score																																					
14	(a)	If a number is not divisible by 3 then it is not divisible by 9	1	1																																			
	(b)	Assume that $\sqrt{5}$ is rational, $\sqrt{5} = \frac{a}{b}$ a and b have no common factors	1																																				
		$a^2 = 5b^2 \Rightarrow 5 \text{ divides } a$	1																																				
		$a = 5k, a^2 = 25k^2, 5b^2 = 25k^2, b^2 = 5k^2 \Rightarrow 5 \text{ divides } b$	1	4																																			
		It is a contradiction, our assumption is wrong	1	3																																			
15	(a)	(i) $\frac{3}{4}$ (ii) $\frac{1}{2}$ (for any answer give 1 score) (iii) $\frac{1}{1}$	1 1 1																																				
	(b)	$n(S) = 36$	1	3																																			
	(i)	$n(A) = 6, P(A) = \frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{2}$																																				
	<u>Remark</u>	For writing $\{(1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,4), (5,5), (6,6)\}$ give $\frac{1}{2}$ score	$\frac{1}{2}$																																				
	(ii)	$n(B) = 5$	$\frac{1}{2}$																																				
		$P(B) = \frac{5}{36}$	$\frac{1}{2}$																																				
	<u>Remark</u>	$B = \{(1,6), (3,5), (4,4), (5,3), (6,2)\}$ give $\frac{1}{2}$ score for writing the sample space S give $\frac{1}{2}$ score	$\frac{1}{2}$	2																																			
16	(a)	$\sum x = 30, \bar{x} = \frac{\sum x}{n} = 6$	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$																																				
	<u>Remark</u>	$\sum x^2 = 220, \sigma^2 = \frac{\sum x^2}{n} - (\bar{x})^2 = \frac{220}{5} - 36 = 8, \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ for writing correct formula for variance give $\frac{1}{2}$ score.	$\frac{1}{2}$	2																																			
	(b)	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>x</th><th>f</th><th>fx</th><th>$x - \bar{x}$</th><th>$f x - \bar{x}$</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>5</td><td>7</td><td>35</td><td>9</td><td>63</td></tr> <tr> <td>10</td><td>4</td><td>40</td><td>4</td><td>16</td></tr> <tr> <td>15</td><td>6</td><td>90</td><td>1</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr> <td>20</td><td>3</td><td>60</td><td>6</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr> <td>25</td><td>5</td><td>125</td><td>11</td><td>55</td></tr> <tr> <td></td><td></td><td>350</td><td></td><td>158</td></tr> </tbody> </table> $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum fx}{N} = \frac{350}{25} = 14$ $MD(\bar{x}) = \frac{\sum f x - \bar{x} }{N} = \frac{158}{25} = 6.32$	x	f	fx	$ x - \bar{x} $	$f x - \bar{x} $	5	7	35	9	63	10	4	40	4	16	15	6	90	1	6	20	3	60	6	18	25	5	125	11	55			350		158	$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}$	5 3
x	f	fx	$ x - \bar{x} $	$f x - \bar{x} $																																			
5	7	35	9	63																																			
10	4	40	4	16																																			
15	6	90	1	6																																			
20	3	60	6	18																																			
25	5	125	11	55																																			
		350		158																																			
	<u>Remark</u>	Alternate method give FULL SCORE																																					

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- (1) Subhash - K.K, SRKAVM HSS Puranattukary Sankar
9496418185
- (2) Biju Joseph, MSS, SMWS ARAKUZA
- (3) BINU C. CHERIAN, C.MSHSS KURHUKKAL
- (4) Cyrus K.S. CHATHU H2O XIII H8S, ATAPPURTA
- (5) Tony Thomas SJ B7SS
A/EDUKKUNAM
- (6) MINI JAMES, SMHSS, Kaliyur,
Idukki,
- (7) SHAREEF. CHALIL,
RACHSS, Kadameri, Kozhikode.
- (8) Sojan. K.V
St. Mary's H.S.S Mullankolliy
wayanad
- (9) C.K. Salih. HMYHSS Manjeri
Malappuram
- (10) Amit Dinesh KC,
KKCIMMIES Poon
- (11) Sree Maryk. k. Leo ~~XII~~ HSS, Pulikkuda
- (12) P. Geeta